

**DI-n-BUTYLDIMETHOXYTIN**

Safety Data Sheet SND3280

Date of issue: 10/06/2015

Version: 1.0

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1. Product identifier**

Product form	: Substance
Physical state	: Liquid
Substance name	: DI-n-BUTYLDIMETHOXYTIN
Product code	: SND3280
Formula	: C10H24O2Sn
Synonyms	: DIBUTYLTIN DIMETHOXIDE; DIBUTYLDIMETHOXYSTANNANE
Chemical family	: ORGANOTIN

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the substance/mixture	: Chemical intermediate For research and industrial use only
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**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet****GELEST, INC.**

11 East Steel Road  
Morrisville, PA 19067

**USA**

T 215-547-1015 - F 215-547-2484 - (M-F): 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM EST

[info@gelest.com](mailto:info@gelest.com) - [www.gelest.com](http://www.gelest.com)
**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

Emergency number	: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International)
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**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture****GHS-US classification**

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Eye Irrit. 2A H319

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

**2.2. Label elements****GHS-US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS07

Signal word (GHS-US)

: Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US)

: H315 - Causes skin irritation  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

: P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling  
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water  
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention  
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse  
P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label)**2.3. Other hazards**

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Additional methanol may be formed by reaction with moisture and water. The US OSHA PEL (TWA) for methanol is 200 ppm.

**2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)**

No data available

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### SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance

Substance type	: Multi-constituent
Name	: DI-n-BUTYLDIMETHOXYTIN
CAS No	: 1067-55-6
EC no	: 213-935-6

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Di-n-butylidimethoxytin	(CAS No) 1067-55-6	95 - 100	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Other Organotins		0 - 5	Not classified

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Organotins may be absorbed through the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.
Chronic symptoms	: On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician: Application of corticosteroid creams has been effective in treating severe skin irritation. If blisters develop, they may require abrasion to promote healing. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product reacts with water in the acid contents of the stomach to form methanol. The combination of visual disturbances, metabolic acidosis and formic acid in urine is evidence of methanol poisoning. The therapeutic intravenous administration of ethanol (10 mls/hour) allows methanol to be preferentially oxidized and reduces production of methanol metabolites. Acidosis must be treated with intravenous administration of sodium bicarbonate and methanol elimination may be increased by hemodialysis, as indicated. Treatment should be based on blood methanol levels and acid-base balance.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use straight streams.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may develop when material is exposed to elevated temperatures or open flame.
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#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Wear protective equipment as described in Section 8.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

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### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent accumulation of vapors.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible materials : Bases. Direct sunlight. Reducing agents.

Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Other Organotins		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Tin)
Di-n-butylidimethoxytin (1067-55-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as tin

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Hand protection : Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. NIOSH-certified combination organic vapor/acid gas (yellow cartridge) respirator.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Colorless liquid.

Molecular mass : 294.99 g/mol

Color : Pale yellow.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : No data available

Refractive index : 1.4854

pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Melting point : No data available

Freezing point : < 0 °C

Boiling point : 136 - 139 °C @ 1.2 mm Hg

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Flash point	: 110 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: > 1
Relative density	: 1.286
Solubility	: Insoluble in water. Reacts with water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with moisture in air and water, slowly releasing methanol and dibutyltin oxide. Direct sunlight causes slow degradation to an inorganic tin salt.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Open flame. Sparks.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Bases. Direct sunlight. Reducing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Organic acid vapors. Methanol. Tin oxides.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: This material liberates small amounts of methanol on contact with moisture. Material generates methanol on contact with water or moisture in skin, eyes and mucous membranes and has an irritating, dehydrating effect on overexposed tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Organotins may be absorbed through the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.
Chronic symptoms	: On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.

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Reason for classification : Expert judgment

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : This substance may be hazardous to the environment.

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available

Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

#### 14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### Transport by sea

No additional information available

#### Air transport

No additional information available

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

##### Di-n-butyldimethoxytin (1067-55-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### 15.2. International regulations

##### Di-n-butyldimethoxytin (1067-55-6)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

##### DI-n-BUTYLDIMETHOXYTIN(1067-55-6)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No

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DI-n-BUTYLDIMETHOXYTIN(1067-55-6)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male		No		
Other Organotins				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Di-n-butylidimethoxytin (1067-55-6)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

: Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemical Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

#### Full text of H-phrases::

Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

#### HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given  
Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard  
Physical : 1 Slight Hazard

Prepared by safety and environmental affairs.

Date of issue: 10/06/2015 Version: 1.0

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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