



ABSTRACT

Hydrophobic treatments impart water resistance but may cause pigments to become overly sensitive to wetting by sebum. The effect of varying the surface treatments on the processing characteristics and wear of eye shadow and mascaras was studied.

SURFACE TREATMENTS STUDIED

- Untreated pigment
- Triethoxycaprylyl silane
- Hydroxysilsesquioxane/Methylsilsesquioxane Copolymer

(Gelest SD Treatment proposed INCI name)

Perfluorooctylethyl Triethoxysilane

MATERIALS AND METHODS

- Formulations prepared: Eyeshadows: all pigments and fillers treated Waterproof anhydrous mascara
- Tests performed: Contact Angle Wear

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Surface Treatment to Improve the Wear of Eye Makeup

FORMULATIONS

Eye Shadow

Talc	54.30
Sericite	30.00
Zinc Stearate	3.00
Iron Oxides	7.20
Polydiethylsiloxane	<u>1.50</u>
1	00.00

Mascara

Isododecane	31.05
Polyethylene	11.00
Candellila	4.50
Polyglyceryl-3	
Diisostearate	0.25
Pentaeerythrityl	
Rosinate	2.00
Sodium Benzoate	0.20
Zinc Stearate	1.00
Silica Silylate	1.00
Bentone® Gel	
SS-71	35.00
Black Iron Oxide	<u>12.00</u>
	100.00

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RESULTS

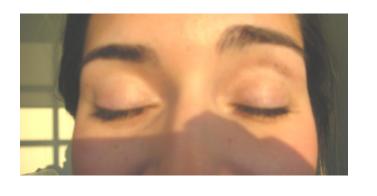
Contact	Angle (v	vater) (°)			
	Powder	E/S	Mascara		
Untreated	70		95		
Triethoxycaprylylsilane	120		110		
Perfluorooctylethyl Triethoxysilane	130				
Hydroxysilsesquioxane/Methylsilsesquioxane Copolymer	120		110		
			231) (0)		
Contac		(mineral			
	Powder E/S		Mascara		
Untreated	20	20 40			
Triethoxycaprylylsilane	20 30		30	30	
Perfluorooctylethyl Triethoxysilane	60 -		_	_	
Hydroxysilsesquioxane/Methylsilsesquioxane Copolymer	45		50	50	
Wear (5	subject	5)			
	Powder E/S		Mascara		
	4 hours	6 hours	6 hours	8 hours	
1. Untreated	ok	creasing	smudging	smudging	
2. Triethoxycaprylylsilane	creases	creasing, color change	smudging	severe smudging	
3. Perfluorooctylethyl Triethoxysilane	ok	wear, no creasing	*		
4. Hydroxysilsesquioxane/Methylsilsesquioxane	ok	creasing	ok	smudging	

- *dry, grainy, due to poor dispersion



Eyeshadow: #4 vs #2





Mascara: #2 vs #4

DISCUSSION

Contact angle:

Wear: •Triethoxycaprylylsilane treatment increases tendency to crease and be wet by sebum. •Perfluorosilane treatment improves crease resistance in powder eye shadow but wets so poorly that the pigments cannot be incorporated into dispersed systems. Hydroxysilsesquioxane//Methylsilsesquioxane Copolymer treatment improves crease resistance and adhesion in powder eye shadow and imparts smudge resistance in anhydrous mascara

SUMMARY

Gelest SD surface treatment offers the combination of improved adhesion and resistance to wetting by oil and water needed to improve wear in eye area cosmetics.

•All treatments prevent wetting by water (increase contact angle to $>90^{\circ}$. •Perfluorosilane tratment is the most hydrophobic and lipophobic