N-[5-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)-2-AZA-1-OXOPENTYL]CAPROLACTAM, 95%

Safety Data Sheet SIT8394.0

Date of issue: 12/11/2015 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	:	Substance
Physical state	:	Liquid
Substance name	:	N-[5-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)-2-AZA-1-OXOPENTYL]CAPROLACTAM, 95%
Product code	:	SIT8394.0
Formula	:	C13H26N2O5Si
Synonyms	:	N-TRIMETHOXYSILYLPROPYLCARBAMOYLCAPROLACTAM
Chemical family	:	ORGANOMETHOXYSILANE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	:	Chemical intermediate For research use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GELEST, INC.
11 East Steel Road
Morrisville, PA 19067
USA
T 215-547-1015 - F 215-547-2484 - (M-F): 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM EST
info@gelest.com - www.gelest.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	:	CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Eye Irrit. 2A H319

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS07

Signal word (GHS-US)	:	Warning
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	:	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification	:	Additional methanol may be formed by reaction with moisture and water. The US OSHA PEL (TWA) for methanol is 200 ppm.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Substance type	:	Mono-constituent
Name	:	N-[5-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)-2-AZA-1-OXOPENTYL]CAPROLACTAM, 95%
CAS No	:	106996-32-1

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
N-[5-(Trimethoxysilyl)-2-aza-1-oxopentyl]caprolactam	(CAS No) 106996-32-1	95 - 100	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.

Chronic symptoms : On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product reacts with water in the acid contents of the stomach to form methanol. The combination of visual disturbances, metabolic acidosis and formic acid in urine is evidence of methanol poisoning. The therapeutic intravenous administration of ethanol (10 mls/hour) allows methanol to be preferentially oxidized and reduces production of methanol metabolites. Acidosis must be treated with intravenous administration of sodium bicarbonate and methanol elimination may be increased by hemodialysis, as indicated. Treatment should be based on blood methanol levels and acid-base balance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use straight streams.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may develop when material is exposed to elevated temperatures or open flame.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent accumulation of vapors.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible materials : Acids. Alcohols. Moisture. Oxidizing agent. Peroxides. Water.

Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Hand protection : Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. NIOSH-certified combination organic vapor - amine gas (brown cartridge) respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Liquid.
Molecular mass	:	318.45 g/mol
Color	:	Straw to orange-brown.
Odor	:	Mild.
Odor threshold	:	No data available
Refractive index	:	1.4739
pH	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	-39 °C
Boiling point	:	> 115 °C @ 1 mm Hg
Flash point	:	136 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	< 1 mm Hg @ 25°C
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	> 1
Relative density	:	1.14

VOC content	:	< 5 %
Solubility	:	Reacts with water.
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when stored in sealed containers.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with water and moisture in air, liberating methanol.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Sparks. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Alcohols. Moisture. Oxidizing agent. Peroxides. Water.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Methanol. Organic acid vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	:	Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	:	Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	:	Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	:	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	:	This material liberates small amounts of methanol on contact with moisture. Material generates methanol on contact with water or moisture in skin, eyes and mucous membranes and has an irritating, dehydrating effect on overexposed tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	:	May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	:	May cause skin irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	:	Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.
Chronic symptoms	:	On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.
Reason for classification	:	Expert judgment

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and degradability
No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in soil
No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects
Other adverse effects : This substance may be hazardous to the environment.
Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available
Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods
Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Waste disposal recommendations : May be incinerated. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number
Not regulated for transport.

14.2. UN proper shipping name
Not applicable

14.3. Additional information
Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea
No additional information available

Air transport
No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

N-[5-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)-2-AZA-1-OXOPENTYL]CAPROLACTAM, 95% **(106996-32-1)**	
TSCA Exemption/Exclusion	CAUTION: This material is supplied for research and development purposes subject to the R&D exemption under TSCA, 40 CFR 720.36, and must meet the requirements of the exemption, including supervision by a "technically qualified individual" as defined by 40 CFR 720.3(ee). The use of this material for "commercial purposes" as defined by 40 CFR 720.3(r) is not permitted in the United States.

N-[5-(Trimethoxysilyl)-2-aza-1-oxopentyl]caprolactam (106996-32-1)
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations
No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

N-[5-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)-2-AZA-1-OXOPENTYL]CAPROLACTAM, 95%**(106996-32-1)**	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

N-[5-(Trimethoxysilyl)-2-aza-1-oxopentyl]caprolactam (106996-32-1)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)

N-[5-(Trimethoxysilyl)-2-aza-1-oxopentyl]caprolactam (106996-32-1)				
		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemcial Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

Full text of H-phrases::

Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard

Prepared by safety and environmental affairs.

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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