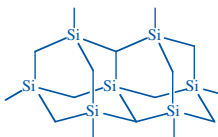


Volatile Carbosilanes

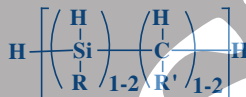
Volatile carbosilanes are the preeminent precursors for:

- Silicon Carbide films and buffer layers
- Carbon-doped (Tensile-Strained) Silicon
- ALD promoted patterning and seed layers
- SiCO:H films for low-k, barrier layers and etch-stop
- Silicon Carbonitride utilized in passivation of silicon-based photovoltaics

By appropriate selection of the carbosilane precursor and deposition conditions the silicon carbide framework can be shifted toward substituted silicon and diamond-like structures.

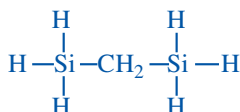
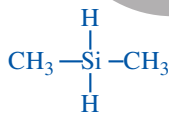
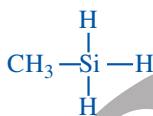


Carbosilanes are compounds in which the elements of silicon and carbon alternate in a molecular framework or polymeric backbone in an approximate ratio of 1:1 according to the following general structure:



Carbosilane Compounds

Name	MW	bp °C/mm (mp)	D _s ²⁰	n _D ²⁰
SIM6515.0 METHYLSILANE CH ₃ Si <i>1MS</i>	46.14	-57 (-157)	0.628 ⁻⁵⁸	
<p>CAUTION: CAN FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR</p> <p>ΔHcomb: -624 kcal/mole ΔHform: -7 kcal/mole ΔHvap: 4.6 kcal/mole Vapor pressure, -80°: 241 mm Vapor pressure, 21°: 14 atm (210 psia) Plasma polymerization yields dry process photoresist.¹ Intermediate for poly(methylsilane) precursor to silicon carbide.² Deposits SiC on Si and Ge at 400 - 500°C.³ Source for hydrogenated amorphous silicon carbide films.⁴</p> <p>1. Dabbagh, G. et al. <i>J. Photopolym. Sci. Tech.</i> 1998, 11, 651. 2. Fhang, Z. et al. <i>J. Am. Ceram. Soc.</i> 1991, 74, 670. 3. Takatsuka, T. et al. <i>Appl. Surf. Sci.</i> 2000, 162, 156. 4. Lee, M. et al. in "Chemical Aspects of Electronic Ceramics Processing" Arklies, B. ed., MRS Proc. 1998, 495, 153.</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 9: reacts extremely rapidly with atmospheric moisture - may be pyrophoric - glove box or sealed system required</p> <p>[992-94-9] TSCA EC 213-598-5 HMIS: 3-4-3-X</p>				
SID4230.0 DIMETHYLSILANE C ₂ H ₆ Si	60.17	-20 (-150)	0.68 ⁻²⁰	
<p>ΔHcomb: -624 kcal/mole ΔHform: -23 kcal/mole ΔHvap: 5.5 kcal/mole Generates cubic silicon carbide by plasma CVD.¹ Epitaxial growth of cubic silicon carbide carried out by triode plasma CVD.²</p> <p>1. Hashim, A. et al. <i>Semiconductor Electronics, IEE Int'l. Conf. Proc.</i> 2006, 646. 2. Yasuiet, K. et al. <i>Appl. Surf. Sci.</i> 2000, 159, 556.</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 3: reacts with aqueous base</p> <p>[1111-74-6] TSCA EC 214-184-7 HMIS: 3-4-1-X</p>				
SID4595.0 1,3-DISILAPROPANE DISILMETHYLENE CH ₃ Si ₂	76.24	14.7	0.697 ⁴	1.4115 ⁴
<p>CAUTION: PYROPHORIC, FORMS EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR AIR TRANSPORT FORBIDDEN</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 9: reacts extremely rapidly with atmospheric moisture - may be pyrophoric - glove box or sealed system required</p> <p>[1759-88-2] HMIS: 4-4-2-X</p>				



Name	MW	bp °C/mm (mp)	D ₄ ²⁰	n _D ²⁰
SID4592.0 1,3-DISILABUTANE 1-METHYLDISILMETHYLENE C ₂ H ₁₀ Si ₂	90.27	44-5	0.80	1.436 ²⁵
<p>Precursor for low temperature CVD of silicon carbide MEMS.^{1,2}</p> <p>1. Stoldt, C. et al. <i>Sens. Actuators, A</i> 2002, 97-8, 410.</p> <p>2. Stoldt, C. et al. <i>Appl. Phys. Lett.</i> 2001, 347.</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 3: reacts with aqueous base</p> <p>[6787-86-6] HMIS: 3-4-2-X</p>				
SID4593.0 1,4-DISILABUTANE 1,2-ETHANEDIYLBIS(SILANE) C ₂ H ₁₀ Si ₂	90.27	45-6 (-15)	0.697	1.4141
<p>Flashpoint: -31°C (-24°F)</p> <p>Autoignition temperature: 152°C</p> <p>CAUTION: VAPORS HAVE BEEN REPORTED TO SPONTANEOUSLY IGNITE</p> <p>Bonds to oxide-free titanium, gold and silicon substrates.¹</p> <p>Forms 0.2-1.7% carbon doped silicon films.²</p> <p>1. Arkles, B. et al. <i>J. Adhes. Sci. Technol.</i> 2012, 26, 41.</p> <p>2. Okada, L. et al. <i>Surf. Sci.</i> 1998, 418, 353.</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 9: reacts extremely rapidly with atmospheric moisture - may be pyrophoric - glove box or sealed system required</p> <p>[4364-07-2] HMIS: 2-4-2-X</p>				
SIT8709.3 1,3,5-TRISILACYCLOHEXANE CYCLOTRISILMETHYLENE C ₃ H ₁₂ Si ₃	132.38	135 (-10)	0.9001	1.5059
<p>Single source precursor for beta-SiC by LPCVD at 800-1,000°C.¹</p> <p>1. Lienhard, M. et al. in <i>"Chemical Aspects of Electronic Ceramics Processing"</i> Arkles, B. ed., MRS Proc. 1998, 495, 139.</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 3: reacts with aqueous base</p> <p>[291-27-0] HMIS: 3-4-1-X</p>				
SIT8709.8 1,3,5-TRISILAPENTANE BIS(SILYLMETHYL)SILANE C ₂ H ₁₂ Si ₃	120.37	100	0.7628	1.4491
<p>Flashpoint: -16°C (3°F)</p> <p>Employed in ALD of SiC films</p> <p>Employed in PECVD of silicon carbide and silicon carbonitride "seed" layers.¹</p> <p>1. Weidman, T. et al. US Patent Appl. 2012/0122302 A1, 2012.</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 7: reacts slowly with moisture/water</p> <p>[5637-99-0] TSCA-L HMIS: 3-4-2-X</p>				
SIT8715.9 TRIS(SILYLMETHYL)SILANE C ₂ H ₁₆ Si ₄	164.48	61-2 / 30	0.806	1.4669 ²⁵
<p>Flashpoint: 35°C (95°F)</p> <p>Employed in PECVD of silicon carbide and silicon carbonitride "seed" layers</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 7: reacts slowly with moisture/water</p> <p>[1385027-19-9] HMIS: 3-3-2-X</p>				
Oligosilanes and Polysilanes				
<p>Oligosilanes and polysilanes undergo conversion to Carbosilanes at temperatures above 650°.</p>				
SIT7541.0 1,1,2,2-TETRAMETHYLDISILANE C ₄ H ₁₄ Si ₂	118.32	86-7 (-93)	0.720	1.429
<p>Flashpoint: -26°C (-15°F)</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 3: reacts with aqueous base</p> <p>[814-98-2] TSCA HMIS: 2-4-1-X</p>				
SIT7580.0 2,2,3,3-TETRAMETHYLTETRASILANE, 95% C ₄ H ₁₈ Si ₄	178.53	125-135		
<p>Candidate material for nanowires.¹</p> <p>1. Arkles, B. et al. U.S. Patent Appl. 20120076840, 2012.</p> <p>HYDROLYTIC SENSITIVITY: 7: reacts slowly with moisture/water</p> <p>[1364487-19-3] HMIS: 2-4-1-X</p>				
PSS-1M01 poly(DIMETHYLSILANE) MW 1000-3000				
<p>DP: 25-50 Flashpoint: 103° Tm: 250-270° (substantial degradation before mp)</p> <p>Solid state source for volatile siliconcarbonitride (SiCN) precursors utilized in passivation of silicon-based photovoltaics</p> <p>Employed in CVD of silicon carbonitride films.¹</p> <p>1. Scarlete, M.; et al; US Patent 7,396,563; 2008 (Label Licensed Gelest Product)</p> <p>2. Yajima, S. et al. <i>J. Mater. Sci.</i> 1978, 13, 2569.</p> <p>[30107-43-8] / [28883-63-8] TSCA</p>				

