POTASSIUM t-BUTOXIDE 1.6M in tetrahydrofuran

Safety Data Sheet AKP632

Date of issue: 03/15/2017 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product name	:	POTASSIUM t-BUTOXIDE 1.6M in tetrahydrofuran
Product code	:	AKP632
Product form	:	Mixtures
Physical state	:	Liquid
Formula	:	C4H9KO
Synonyms	:	POTASSIUM tert- BUTYLATE 2-METHYL-2-PROPANOL, POTASSIUM SALT
Chemical family	:	METAL ALCOHOLATE

1.2. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	:	Chemical intermediate For research and industrial use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GELEST, INC.
11 East Steel Road
Morrisville, PA 19067
USA
T 215-547-1015 - F 215-547-2484 - (M-F): 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM EST
info@gelest.com - www.gelest.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	:	CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	H225
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B	H314
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	H318
Carcinogenicity Category 2	H351
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	H335

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS02 GHS05 GHS07 GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER
P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks. - No smoking
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P260 - Do not breathe vapors
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing. rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label)
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, dry soda ash or dry sodium chloride to extinguish
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403+P235 - Keep in a cool place
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Tetrahydrofuran	(CAS No) 109-99-9	80 - 81	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335
Potassium t-butoxide	(CAS No) 865-47-4	19 - 20	Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Give a demulscent such as milk, olive oil, or margarine in small amounts, up to two or three tablespoons. Get medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause cancer.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation will cause sneezing, irritation and burns.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes (severe) skin burns. Worker will notice a slippery feeling on washing.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Chronic symptoms : TETRAHYDROFURAN: Mildly toxic by inhalation. Mutagenic data has been reported. Reported as causing injury to liver and kidneys.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical. Dry soda ash. Dry sodium chloride.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water or carbon dioxide.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Irritating fumes and caustic vapors may develop when material is exposed to elevated temperatures or open flame.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Protect against caustic dust, smoke and water.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Wear pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and full protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use only non-sparking tools.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool place. Store locked up. Store under dry nitrogen or argon in sealed containers.

Incompatible materials : Acids. Alcohols. Carbon dioxide. Esters. Halogens. Ketones. Moist air. Water.

Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2000 ppm (10% LEL)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	735 mg/m³

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Hand protection : Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. NIOSH-certified caustic organic vapor (black cartridge) respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Liquid.

Molecular mass : 112.21 g/mol

Color : Straw to light amber.

Odor : No data available

Odor threshold : No data available

Refractive index : No data available

pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Melting point : 220 °C neat

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : 275 °C decomposes (neat)

Flash point : -14 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Vapor pressure : 144 mm Hg @ 15° (THF)

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : 2.5 (THF)

Relative density : 0.902

VOC content : > 80 %

Solubility : Reacts with water.

Log Pow : No data available

Log Kow : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Explosion limits : 1.8 - 11.6 vol % (lower; upper: THF)

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under nitrogen or argon in sealed containers. May form explosive peroxides on exposure to air.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Material decomposes slowly in contact with moist air and rapidly in contact with water. If product concentrates by evaporation of solvent, may ignite on exposure to water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Alcohols. Carbon dioxide. Esters. Halogens. Ketones. Moist air. Water.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

t-Butanol. Caustic organic vapors. Potassium hydroxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)	
LD50 oral rat	1650 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	21000 ppm (Exposure time: 3 h)
ATE US (oral)	1650.000 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

This product contains a component that has been reported to be possibly carcinogenic based on its IARC, ACGIH classification..

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	1 - Evidence of Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation will cause sneezing, irritation and burns.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes (severe) skin burns. Worker will notice a slippery feeling on washing.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Chronic symptoms : TETRAHYDROFURAN: Mildly toxic by inhalation. Mutagenic data has been reported. Reported as causing injury to liver and kidneys.

Reason for classification : Expert judgment

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water : Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)	
LC50 fish 1	1970 - 2360 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC50 fish 2	2700 - 3600 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)	
BCF fish 1	(will not bioconcentrate)
Log Pow	0.45 (at 25 °C)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : This substance may be hazardous to the environment.

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

GWPmix comment : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT) : 2924

DOT NA no. UN2924

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport document description : UN2924 Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s. (POTASSIUM t-BUTOXIDE 1M in tetrahydrofuran), 3 (8), II

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s.
(POTASSIUM t-BUTOXIDE 1M in tetrahydrofuran)

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid
8 - Corrosive

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

14.3. Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 132

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow ‘‘clear of living quarters’’

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 1 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

Potassium t-butoxide (865-47-4)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Potassium t-butoxide (865-47-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Potassium t-butoxide (865-47-4)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

Potassium t-butoxide (865-47-4)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases::

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H228	Flammable solid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer

Abbreviations and acronyms : Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemcial Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling.

HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability : 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)

Physical	:	1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Prepared by safety and environmental affairs.

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations