SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: TRIMETHYLALUMINUM
Product code: OMAL086
Product form: Substance
Physical state: Liquid
Formula: C₃H₉Al
Synonyms: TRIMETHYLALANE
Chemical family: ORGANOMETAL

1.2. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Chemical intermediate
For research and industrial use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GELEST, INC.
11 East Steel Road
Morrisville, PA 19067
USA
T 215-547-1015 - F 215-547-2484 - (M-F): 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM EST
info@gelest.com - www.gelest.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Flammable liquids Category 2 H225
Pyrophoric liquids Category 1 H250
Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases Category 1 H260
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B H314
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H335

Full text of H statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US): 

Signal word (GHS-US): Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US): 
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air
H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS-US): 
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames. - No smoking
P222 - Do not allow contact with air
P223 - Do not allow contact with water
P231 + P232 - Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P260 - Do not breathe vapors
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
TRIMETHYLALUMINUM
Safety Data Sheet

P301 + P330 + P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P302 + P334 - If on skin: Immerse in cool water/wrap with wet bandages
P303 + P361 + P353 - If on skin (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing, rinse skin with water/shower
P304 + P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P361 + P353 - If on skin (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing, rinse skin with water/shower
P310 - Immediately call a doctor
P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label)
P335 + P334 - Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water/wrap in wet bandages
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder followed by sand or dolomite to extinguish
P402 + P404 - Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403 + P235 - Keep in a cool place
P405 - Store locked up
P422 - Store contents under nitrogen
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)
No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance
Substance type: Mono-constituent
Name: TRIMETHYLALUMINUM
CAS No.: 75-24-1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

3.2. Mixture
Not applicable

4.1. Description of first aid measures
First-aid measures general: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.
First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Direct respiratory contact is usually not possible, but will cause burns. Inhalation of combustion products can cause irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Causes (severe) skin burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Presumed to be a poison.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical powder followed by sand or dolomite.
Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard: Pyrophoric liquid. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.

Explosion hazard: Container explosion may occur during fire conditions. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions: If material is ignited, allow to burn. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Protection during firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist.

Other information: Pyrophoric liquid and gas. Can spontaneously ignite on contact with air.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures: Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Laboratory and production areas must be equipped with special fire-extinguishing media for pyrophorics.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment: Wear protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures: Stop release.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment: Concentrate containment efforts to adjacent combustibles.

Methods for cleaning up: Cover with dry chemical extinguishing powder, lime, sand or soda ash. Do not use water. Remove combustible materials in the vicinity of the spill. Allow time for decomposition or fire to burn out, then sweep material and transfer to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air. Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire.

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent accumulation of vapors. Protect from moisture. Handle under inert gas. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Laboratory and production areas must be equipped with special fire-extinguishing media for pyrophorics. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene measures: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed. Store in sealed containers under nitrogen or argon with <10ppm oxygen. Flammable and combustible materials should not be stored in or near working areas for pyrophorics. Store in a dry place. Protect from moisture.


Prohibitions on mixed storage: Flammable and combustible materials should not be stored in or near working areas for pyrophorics.

Storage area: Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.
### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</th>
<th>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trimeethylaluminium (75-24-1)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Glove box or sealed system under inert atmosphere is required. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

**Personal protective equipment**: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

- **Hand protection**: Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.
- **Eye protection**: Full face shield with chemical workers goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn.
- **Skin and body protection**: Wear suitable protective clothing. Fire resistant laboratory jacket or apron should be worn.
- **Respiratory protection**: Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. NIOSH-certified organic vapor (black cartridge) respirator.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value/Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Clear liquid. Fumes and ignites in air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular mass</td>
<td>72.09 g/mol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refractive index</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>15 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>125 - 126 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Ignites in air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>&lt; 0 °C (Pyrophoric)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Highly flammable liquid and vapor,Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>&lt; 1 mm Hg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density at 20 °C</td>
<td>&gt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>0.743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Reacts violently with water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Pow</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Kow</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, dynamic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limits</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable in sealed containers stored under a dry inert atmosphere.
### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air. In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. The product can generate small amounts of hydrogen when exposed to alkalis and protic materials such as water and alcohol.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid
Heat. Sparks. Open flame.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effect</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/irritation</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory or skin sensitization</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration hazard</td>
<td>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after inhalation</td>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Direct respiratory contact is usually not possible, but will cause burns. Inhalation of combustion products can cause irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after skin contact</td>
<td>Causes (severe) skin burns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after eye contact</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after ingestion</td>
<td>Presumed to be a poison.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity
No additional information available

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability
No additional information available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
No additional information available

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil
No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects
Other adverse effects: This substance may be hazardous to the environment.
Effect on ozone layer: No additional information available
Effect on the global warming: No known effects from this product.
GWPmix comment: No known effects from this product.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods
Sewage disposal recommendations: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Waste disposal recommendations: Incinerate. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility. This is a RCRA hazardous waste: 40 CFR 261.21 (i.e. ignitable) 40 CFR 261.23 (i.e. reactive).
Additional information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number
UN-No.(DOT) : 3394
DOT NA no. : UN3394

14.2. UN proper shipping name
Transport document description : UN3394 Organometallic substance, liquid, pyrophoric, water-reactive (TRIMETHYLALUMINUM), 4.2 (4.3), I
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Organometallic substance, liquid, pyrophoric, water-reactive (TRIMETHYLALUMINUM)
Class (DOT) : 4.2 - Class 4.2 - Spontaneously combustible material 49 CFR 173.124
Packing group (DOT) : I - Great Danger
Hazard labels (DOT) : 4.2 - Spontaneously combustible
4.3 - Dangerous when wet

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 181
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 244
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None
DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

14.3. Additional information
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 135
Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : D - The material must be stowed “on deck only” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded
DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 13 - Keep as dry as reasonably practicable, 52 - Stow “separated from” acids, 78 - Stow “separated longitudinally by an intervening complete compartment or hold from” explosives

Air transport
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : Forbidden
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : Forbidden

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations
Trimethylaluminium (75-24-1) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations
CANADA
Trimethylaluminium (75-24-1) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
WHMIS Classification : Class B Division 6 - Reactive Flammable Material

EU-Regulations
Trimethylaluminium (75-24-1) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations
TRIMETHYLALUMINUM
Safety Data Sheet

Trimethylaluminium (75-24-1)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations
Trimethylaluminium (75-24-1)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H225</td>
<td>Highly flammable liquid and vapor</td>
</tr>
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<td>H250</td>
<td>Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>H314</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H318</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H335</td>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemical Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling.

HMIS III Rating

Health: 4 Severe Hazard - Life-threatening, major or permanent damage may result from single or repeated overexposures
Flammability: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)
Physical: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

Prepared by safety and environmental affairs.

Date of issue: 09/22/2016 Version: 1.0

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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